

User Manual

Miniature Vortex Flowmeter

U-002MVF-EN1

Preface

- Thank you for purchasing our product.
- This manual is about the various functions of the product, wiring methods, setting methods, operating methods, troubleshooting methods, etc.
- Please read this manual carefully before operation, use this product correctly to avoid unnecessary losses due to incorrect operation.
- After you finish reading, please keep it in a place where it can be easily accessed at any time for reference during operation.

Note

- Modification of this manual's contents will not be notified as a result of some factors, such as function upgrading.
- We try our best to guarantee that the manual content is accurate, if you find something wrong or incorrect, please contact us.
- The content of this manual is strictly prohibited from reprinting or copying.

Version

U-002MVF-EN1

Safety Precautions

For the safe operation of this product, please strictly follow the outlined safety precautions.

About this manual

- Please ensure the instrument operators have a careful reading of this manual.
- Prior to operation, please study this manual in detail to ensure a thorough comprehension of the device's functionality.
- This manual only describes the product's functions. The responsibility as to the device 's suitability for any specific purpose lies solely in the operator.

Precautions for product protection, safety, and modification

- For your safety and the normal operation of the product and its controlling systems, the guidelines and precautions specified in this manual are supposed to be fully observed. Operating the instrument in ways not specified in this manual may compromise its protective features. Our company shall not be liable for any malfunctions or accidents resulting from non-compliance with the precautions described.
- When equipped the product and its controlling systems with lightning protection or separate safety protection circuits, it needs to be implemented by other devices.
- If you need to replace components or fittings of the product, please use the model specified by the company.
- This product is not designed for use in systems directly related to personal safety, such as nuclear power facilities, radioactive equipment, railway systems, aviation equipment, marine equipment, and medical equipment. If applied, it is the user's responsibility to implement additional equipment or systems to ensure personal safety.
- Do not modify this product.
- The following safety symbols are used in this manual:



Hazard: Failure to take appropriate precautions may result in serious personal injury, product damage, or major property loss.



Warning: Pay special attention to critical information related to the product or specific sections of this user manual.



- Confirm whether the supply voltage is consistent with the rated voltage before operation.
- Do not use the instrument in a flammable and combustible or steam area.
- To prevent electric shock and operation errors, ensure proper grounding protection is in place.
- Thunder prevention engineering facilities must be well managed: the shared grounding network shall be grounded at the correct electric level, shielded, with wires properly routed, and an SPD surge protector applied as needed.
- Some internal components may carry high voltage. To avoid the risk of electric shock, do not open the front square panel unless it is being handled by trained personnel or maintenance staff authorized by our company.
- To avoid electric shock, disconnect the power before performing any checks.
- Check the condition of the terminal screws regularly. If loose, please tighten them before use.
- Unauthorized disassembly, modification, or repair of the product is not allowed, as it may lead to malfunctions, electric shock, or fire hazards.
- Wipe the product with a dry cotton cloth. Do not use alcohol, benzene, or other organic solvents, and avoid exposing the product to any liquids. If the product falls into the water, please cut off the power immediately to prevent leakage, electric shock, or fire hazards.

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- Please check the grounding protection regularly. Do not operate the product if you think that the protection, such as grounding protection and fuses, is inadequate.
 - Ventilation holes on the product housing must be kept clear to avoid malfunctions due to high temperatures, abnormal operation, shortened life, and fire.
 - Please strictly follow the instructions in this manual; failure to do so may damage the product's protective devices.



- Do not use the instrument if it is found damaged or deformed upon opening the package.
- Prevent dust, wire end, iron fines, or other objects from entering the instrument during installation, as this may cause abnormal operation or failure.
- During operation, to modify the configuration, signal output, startup, stop, and operation safety shall be fully considered. Improper operation may lead to failure and even destruction of the instrument and control equipment.
- Each part of the instrument has a certain service life, which must be maintained and repaired on a regular basis for long-term use.
- If the product comes to the end of its service life, it should be disposed of as industrial waste as a way of environmental protection.
- Disconnect the instrument when it is not in use.
- If you find smoke from the product, smell odor, abnormal noise, etc., please turn off the power switch immediately and contact the company in time.

Disclaimer

- The company does not make any guarantees for the terms beyond the scope of this product warranty.
- This company is not responsible for damage to the instrument, loss of parts, or unpredictable damage caused directly or indirectly by improper operation of the user.

No.	Items	Quantity	Note
1	Miniature Vortex Flowmeter	1	
2	5-pin Aviation Cable	1	
3	User Manual	1	
4	Certificate	1	

After opening the box, please confirm the scope of delivery before starting the operation. If you find that the model and quantity are incorrect or there is physical damage to the product's appearance, please contact us.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

The miniature vortex flowmeter features a simple structure, high accuracy, and ease of installation, maintenance, and operation. It enables real-time monitoring of both fluid flow and temperature within pipelines. The device supports flow and temperature outputs via (4 - 20) mA signals or RS485 communication, as well as alarm switch outputs. It also adopts an OLED display for real-time visualization of flow and temperature, providing an integrated monitoring solution for pipeline systems. It is widely used in industries such as petrochemicals, electric power, metallurgy, steel manufacturing, papermaking, food processing, water treatment, and battery production.

1.2 Measuring Principle

The vortex flowmeter measures the flow rate of steam, gas, and low-viscosity liquids based on the theories of vortex formation and its relationship to flow, as proposed by Kármán and Strouhal.

As shown in Figure 1, a triangular bluff body (vortex shedder) is inserted vertically into the flowmeter body. When the fluid flows through this bluff body, alternating vortices with opposite rotational directions are shed regularly from both sides of the bluff body, forming a Kármán vortex street. The vortex shedding frequency (F) is directly proportional to the flow velocity (V). By detecting the number of vortices using a sensor, the fluid velocity can be determined, and, combined with the meter's inner diameter, the volumetric flow rate of the medium can be calculated.

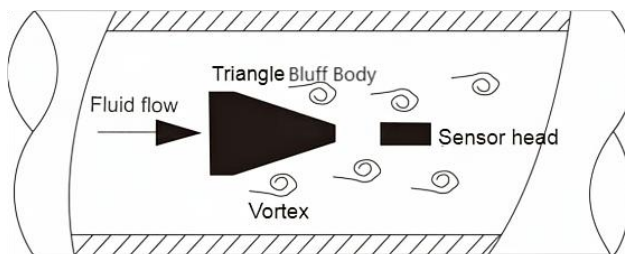


Fig.1 Working Principle of Vortex Flowmeter

The calculation formula is as follows:

$$F = St \cdot V / md \dots\dots\dots \text{Formula 1}$$

$$Q = 3600 \cdot F / K \dots\dots\dots \text{Formula 2}$$

$M=Q \cdot \rho$ Formula 3

Where:

- F: Frequency of vortices generated by the fluid passing the triangular bluff body in the vortex flowmeter (unit: Hz)
- St: Strouhal number (dimensionless)
- V: Average flow velocity of the fluid in the pipeline (unit: m/s)
- m: Ratio of the arcuate flow area on both sides of the triangular bluff body to the cross-sectional area of the measuring pipe (dimensionless)
- d: Width of the triangular bluff body's upstream face inside the flowmeter (unit: m)
- Q: Instantaneous volumetric flow rate (unit: m³/h)
- K: Coefficient of the vortex flowmeter (unit: pulses per cubic meter)
- M: Instantaneous mass flow rate (unit: kg/h)
- ρ : Fluid density (unit: kg/m³)

Note: The value of the meter coefficient K varies depending on the diameter of the vortex flowmeter. It is determined through actual calibration by a flow calibration system and represents the number of pulses output by the sensor per cubic meter of fluid under operating conditions.

1.3 Features

- **All-in-one design** integrating temperature and flow sensing for real-time, simultaneous monitoring.
- **Dual output modes**, supporting both digital communication and analog signal transmission.
- **Smart display with alarm function**, enabling real-time alerts for both flow and temperature anomalies.
- **High-visibility OLED screen** with backlight for clear data reading in all lighting conditions.
- **User-friendly union connections** on both ends for quick installation and removal, minimizing downtime and maintenance costs.
- **Durable construction** with a 304 stainless steel base and aluminum alloy housing, offering excellent resistance to scaling and corrosion.
- **IP65-rated protection** ensures stable performance in demanding industrial environments.

2 Technical Parameters

Table 1

Input				
Measured variables	Flow velocity, temperature			
Nominal diameter&flow range	Nominal diameter	DN8	DN10	DN15
	Flow range	(1~15)L/min	(3~30)L/min	(5~50)L/min
Temperature range	(0~90)℃			
Output				
Transmitter output	Flow/temperature (4~20) mA, load resistance ≤500Ω			
Alarm output	Flow/temperature alarm, PNP alarm contact, contact capacity: 24V/50mA			
Communication	RS485 interface, MODBUS-RTU			
Electrical parameters				
Power supply	24VDC			
Power consumption	<3W			
Electrical interface	M12*1.5 aviation plug			
Performance parameters				
Accuracy	Flow rate: level 3			
	Temperature: ±1℃			
Insulation resistance	50MΩ at 100VDC			
Process conditions				
Media	Liquid (water or water-soluble liquid such as ethylene glycol)			
Medium temperature	0℃~90℃			
Process pressure	MAX 1.2MPa (at 40℃)			
Environmental conditions				
Environmental conditions	Temperature: -20℃~85℃; Humidity: <95%			
Protection level	IP65			

3 Structure and Dimensions

3.1 Dimensions

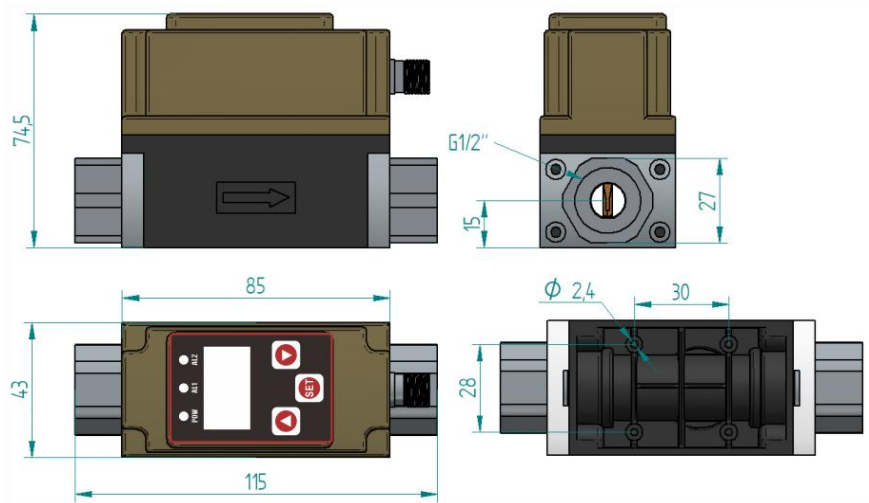


Fig.2 Dimensions (unit: mm)

3.2 Material

Shell: Aluminum alloy

Base: 304

3.3 Weight

Weight: 760g

4 Installation

4.1 Installation Tips

**Note!**

Please inspect the packaging for any damage or signs of mishandling. If any damage is found, please report it specifically to both the courier and the manufacturer.

**Note!**

Please check the packing list to make sure the batch of goods that you have received is complete.

**Note!**

Please check the instrument nameplate, and confirm whether the delivered items are consistent with your order. Check whether the power supply indicated on the nameplate is correct. If not, please contact the manufacturer.

**Note!**

The installation diagram is only for reference; please refer to the actual product.

4.2 Pipe Design

(1) Location

- ① The flowmeter should be installed in a location that is convenient for maintenance, free from pipeline vibration, and not affected by strong electromagnetic interference or thermal radiation.
- ② For horizontal installation, the pipeline should be level, with a tilt of no more than 5° . For vertical installation, the deviation from vertical should also be less than 5° .
- ③ When installing the flowmeter on newly laid pipelines, it is recommended to first insert a short pipe section in place of the flowmeter. The actual flowmeter should only be installed after the pipeline has been thoroughly cleaned.
- ④ If the fluid contains impurities, a filter should be installed upstream of the flowmeter, and the pipeline should be regularly cleaned to remove sediment. If the measured liquid contains gas, a degasser should be installed upstream of the

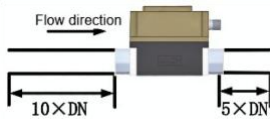
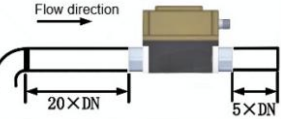
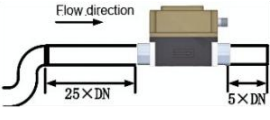
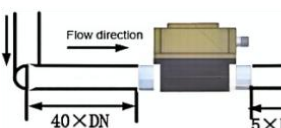
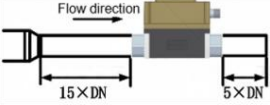
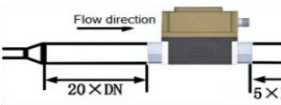
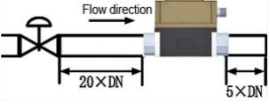
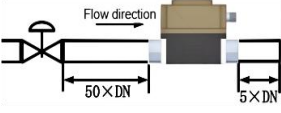
sensor. The outlets of both the filter and the degasser must lead to a safe discharge location.

- ⑤ When the flowmeter is installed outdoors, it should be protected from direct sunlight and rain.

(2) Straight Pipe Requirements

To ensure measurement accuracy, it is recommended that the upstream straight pipe section be at least 10 times the nominal pipe diameter ($10 \times \text{DN}$). Where possible, doubling this length is advised to further improve accuracy. The downstream straight pipe section should be at least 5 times the pipe diameter ($5 \times \text{DN}$).

Table 2 Straight pipes requirements

Inlet baffle Type	Installation conditions		Outlet baffle Type	Installation conditions	
	Inlet	Outlet		Inlet	Outlet
General			90° Elbow		
Two 90° elbows on the same plane			Two 90° elbows on different planes		
Reducer			Expander		
Fully opened valve			Half opened valve		

4.3 Installation Requirements

(1) Full pipe

The pipe must be completely filled with liquid. It is important to keep the pipe completely filled with liquid at all times, otherwise the flow display will be affected and may cause measurement errors.

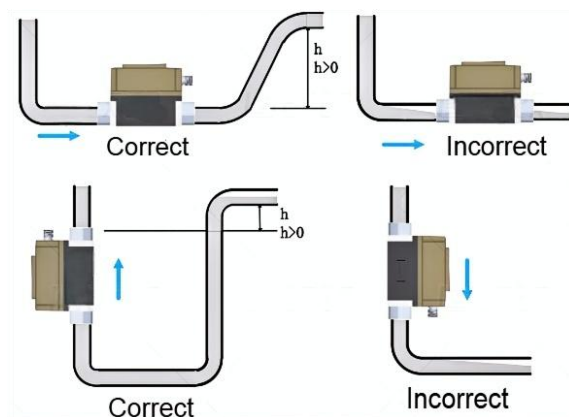


Fig.3

(2) Avoid bubbles

If air bubbles enter the measuring tube, the flow display will be affected and may cause measurement errors.

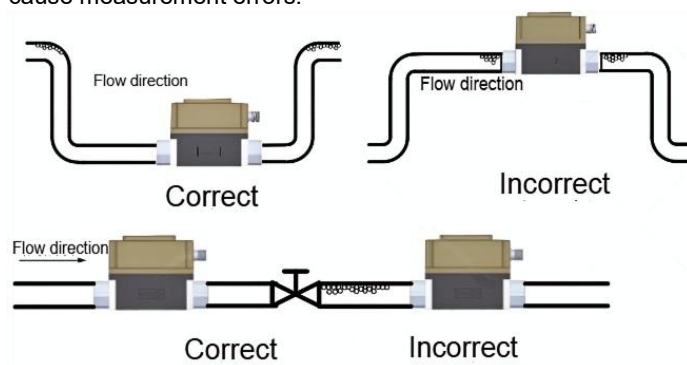


Fig.4

The following figure is a schematic diagram of flow meter installation:

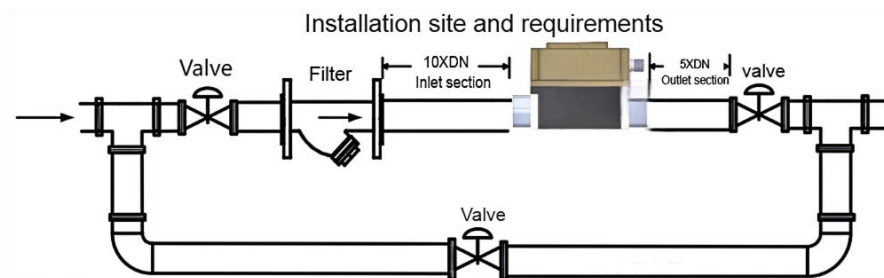


Fig.5

5 Electrical Connection

5.1 Terminals

The flowmeter wiring adopts a five-core waterproof aviation plug. OUT1, OUT2, and OUT3 support four outputs: flow alarm, temperature alarm, flow (4~20) mA output, and temperature (4~20) mA output; it also supports one RS485 communication output.

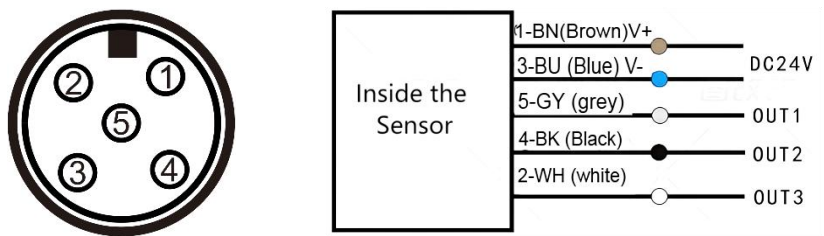


Fig.6 Aviation plug

Table 3

No.	Color	Description
①	brown	Positive power supply
③	blue	Negative pole of power supply
⑤ (OUT1)	gray	- Flow/temperature alarm output - Flow/Temperature (4~20) mA output
④ (OUT2)	black	Flow/temperature alarm output
② (OUT3)	white	- Flow/temperature alarm output - Flow/Temperature (4~20) mA output
⑤+② (RS485)	gray+white	RS485 communication output

5.2 Wiring Diagram

(1) Alarm + (4~20) mA output type

- Channel 2 alarm PNP outputs; Channel1 (4~20) mA output

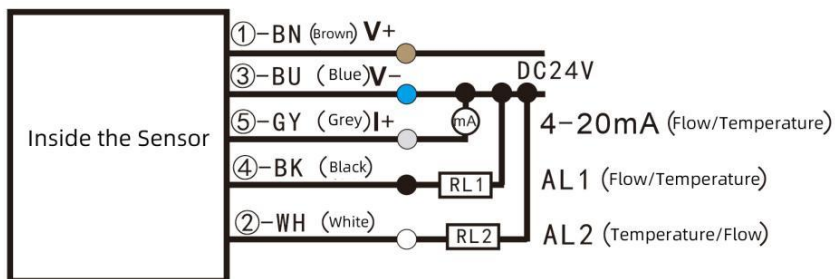


Fig.7

- Channel 1 alarm PNP output; Channel 2 (4~20) mA outputs

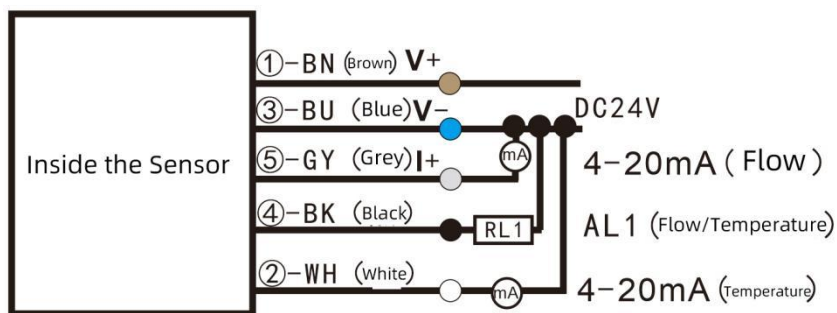


Fig.8

(2) Alarm + RS485 output type

- Channel 1 alarm PNP output; Channel 1 RS485 communication output

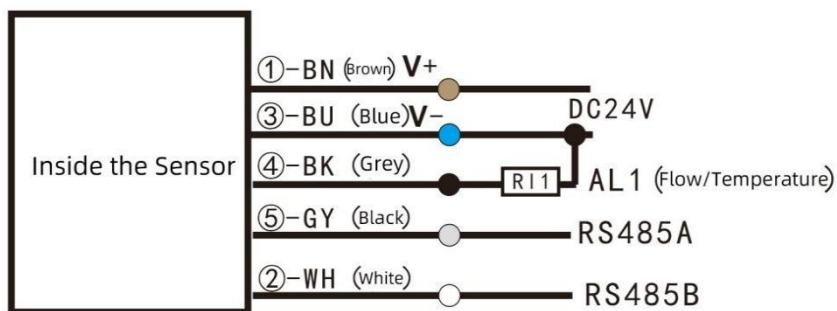


Fig.9

6 Operation

6.1 Panel Display

The vortex flowmeter features an OLED display that shows the current flow rate and temperature of the pipeline. Three buttons on the panel allow for quick configuration of upper and lower alarm limits for flow or temperature, as well as access to the full settings menu.

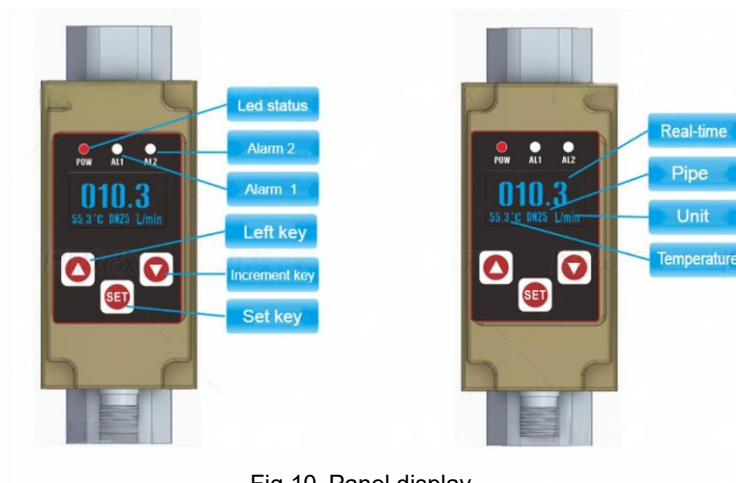


Fig.10 Panel display

6.2 Menu Description

Press [SET] on the display interface to enter the menu parameter interface. The "SET"(Settings) menu can be used to set the upper and lower limits of the alarm output. The "HGH"(Advanced) menu can be used to set the system configuration and general configuration.



Fig.11 Menu parameter interface

6.3 Set Alarm Upper and Lower Limits

The vortex flowmeter can be equipped with up to 2 alarm output channels, each of which can be freely configured with an alarm threshold value based on either flow rate or temperature.

Example: SP1 (Channel 1 alarm) is configured for flow rate, and SP2 (Channel 1 alarm) for temperature.

Assuming that the upper limit for “SP1” (flow rate alarm on Channel 1) is set to 0100L/min, the alarm threshold can be set to 0100, and the “rP1” (reset value) to 12.0. Set the “OUT1” to “HNC” (Hysteresis Normally Open), meaning the alarm will be triggered when the flow rate exceeds 0100L/min, and cleared when it falls below 12.0L/min.

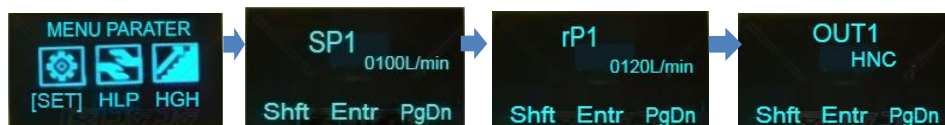


Fig.12 SP1 Setting

For “SP2” (alarm channel 2), if the upper limit for temperature alarm is set to 070.0℃, the alarm threshold can be set to 070.0, and the reset value to 069.0. Similarly, set the “OUT 2” to “HNC” (Hysteresis Normally Open), so the alarm will be triggered when the temperature exceeds 70℃ and the alarm is released when it is lower than 69℃.

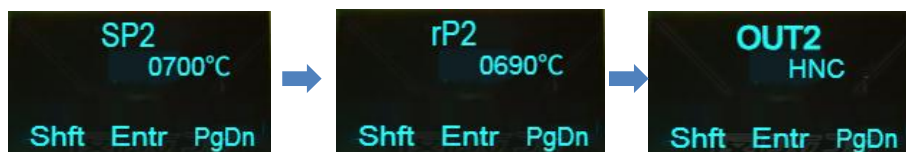


Fig.13 SP2 Setting

6.4 Configuration Settings

After entering the "HGH" (Advanced Menu), you need to enter the password to enter the configuration settings. The factory password is 0006.

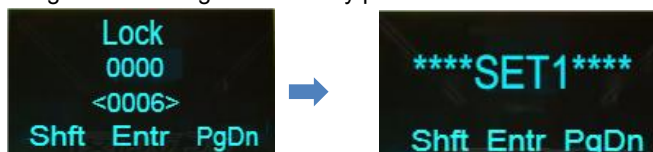


Fig.14 Enter the advanced menu

Table 4 Configuration List

Parameter	Name	Setting range	Description	Factory Preset
System	ADDR	0~127	Device communication address	0001
	Baud	0~7	0: 1200; 1: 2400; 2: 4800; 3: 9600; 4: 19200; 5: 38400; 6: 57600; 7: 115200	3
System	FLTR	0~1 (thousands)	0: PNP; 1: NPN	2
		0~1 (hundreds)	reserved	
		0~4 (tens)	Temperature filter coefficient, interference filter adjustment	
		0~6 (units)	Flow filter coefficient, interference filter adjustment	
	1OUL	0~9999	Set the value corresponding to 4mA output on Channel 1 (4-20mA). The unit depends on the currently selected physical quantity.	0
	1OUH	0~9999	Set the value corresponding to 20mA output on Channel 1 (4-20mA). The unit depends on the currently selected physical parameter.	200
	Tset	0~9999	Temperature correction (unit: °C, with one decimal point by default)	0000
	Fmul	0~9999	Flow correction (%)	100

Parameter	Name	Setting range	Description	Factory Preset
		If the current reading is 1 m/s but the actual flow rate is 1.2 m/s, set the correction to 120.		
	Lang	0~1	0: English; 1: Chinese	Chinese
General configuration	SP1	0~9999	Alarm value of the channel 1, the unit depends on the currently selected physical parameter. <i>[Note 1]</i>	100
	rP1	0~9999	The reset value of channel 1, the unit depends on the currently selected physical parameter. <i>[Note 1]</i>	95
General configuration	OUT1	0~4	The alarm function of channel 1 0: Off: 1: Hysteresis Normally Open 2: Hysteresis normally closed 3: Window always open 4: Window is always closed <i>[Note 1]</i>	1
	SP2	0~9999	The alarm function of channel 2, the unit depends on the user selected physical parameter	200
	rP2	0~9999	The reset value of channel 2, the unit depends on the user's current set physical parameter <i>[Note 1]</i>	195

Parameter	Name	Setting range	Description	Factory Preset
	OUT2	0~4	The alarm function of channel 2 0: off 1: Hysteresis normally open 2: Hysteresis normally closed 3: Window always open 4: Window is always closed[<i>Note 1</i>]	1
	SEL1	0~1	Alarm selection of channel 1 0: flow; 1: temperature	0
	SEL2	0~1	Alarm selection of channel 2 0: flow; 1: temperature	1
	UNIT	0~6	Unit selection[<i>Note 2</i>]	2
	DIAM	0~5	Pipe diameter setting[<i>Note 2</i>]	Reserve
	ANL1	0~1	First current selection 0: flow; 1: temperature	0
	ANL2	0~1	Current set of channel 1 0: flow; 1: temperature	1
General configuration	TIM1	0~3 (thousands)	0: Inverted display 2: Upright display	2008
		0~1 (hundreds)	Reserved	
		0~99 (tens, ones)	Main display interface display time (seconds) time = 1st digit x 10 + 0 digit	
	TIM2	0~99	Main display interface screen off standby time (seconds)	38
	CTHz	0~99	Cut-off frequency (Hz)	1

Parameter	Name	Setting range	Description	Factory Preset
	LIGT	0~99	Brightness adjustment (%)	10
	PLUS	0~9999	According to different pipe diameters	Reserve
	TANL	0~9999	Set the value corresponding to 4mA output on Channel 2 (4-20mA). The unit depends on the currently selected physical quantity.	0
	TANH	0~9999	Set the value corresponding to 20mA output on Channel 2 (4-20mA). The unit depends on the currently selected physical quantity.	1000

【Note 1】 Description of hysteresis and window function

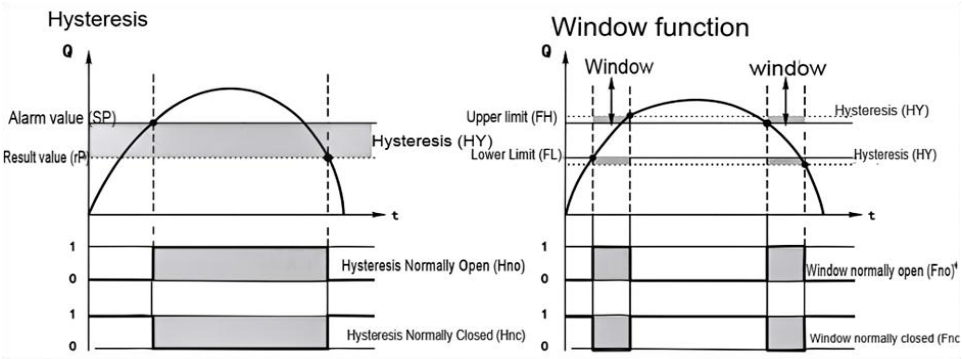


Fig.15

【Note 2】 Instructions for selecting units and pipe diameters

Table 5 Units and pipe diameter selection

Parameter	Unit	Description	Code
Units	m/s	Display flow rate in meters per second (3 decimal places)	0000
	%	Display flow rate percentage (1 decimal place)	0001
	L/min	Displays flow rate in litres per minute (no decimals)	0002
	m ³ /min	Displays flow rate in cubic meters per minute (3 decimal places)	0003
	L/s	Display flow rate in liters per second (2 decimal places)	0004
	L/h	Displays flow rate in litres per hour (no decimals)	0005
	m ³ /h	Hourly flow rate (1 decimal place)	0006
Pipe diameter	DN6	Pipe diameter DN6	0000
	DN8	Pipe diameter DN8	0001
	DN10	Pipe diameter DN10	0002
	DN15	Pipe diameter DN15	0003
	DN20	Pipe diameter DN20	0004
	DN25	Pipe diameter DN25	0005

7 Troubleshooting

The following table lists the common troubleshooting methods for vortex flowmeters. If the fault still cannot be solved, please contact our company.

Table 6

Troubles	Possible causes	Troubleshooting
No alarm	Abnormal power supply	Check the power supply
	Incorrect wiring	Check whether the wiring is correct
	No medium flow	Check whether valves, etc. are open
The flow rate display is inaccurate	Inaccurate flow	Recalibrate the flowmeter
The display is dark	Abnormal power supply	Check the power supply
	The flowmeter is burned out	The flow sensor is burned out; replace the switch
The warning light is always on during debugging	Alarm contact setting error	Changing the alarm contact settings
The flowmeter is damaged shortly after operation	Lightning strike, induced high voltage	If struck by lightning, replace the instrument. If there is induced high voltage around, please check whether the signal cable is laid together with the power cable.

Maintenance:

1. The installed pipeline should be fully grounded to prevent lightning strikes, etc.;
2. Please clean the flow meter regularly and remove foreign matters according to actual conditions.
3. When applied to areas near strong electromagnetic waves, please take protective anti-interference measures.

Appendix A Flow Rate&Flow Velocity Reference Table

Table 7 Flow rate&flow velocity reference table

Unit Caliber	m/s	Flow rate%	L/min	m ³ / min	L/s	L/h	m ³ / h
DN8	1.0	Calculate by range	3.014	/	/	180.8	0.181
DN10	1.0	Calculate by range	4.71	/	0.079	282.6	0.283
DN15	1.0	Calculate by range	10.60	/	0.177	636	0.636
Unit Caliber	m/s	Flow rate%	L/min	m ³ / min	L/s	L/h	m ³ / h
DN8	2.0	Calculate by range	6.028	/	/	361.6	0.362
DN10	2.0	Calculate by range	9.42	/	0.158	565.2	0.566
DN15	2.0	Calculate by range	21.2	/	0.354	1272	1.272

Appendix B Communication Protocol

B.1 Overview

This protocol complies with the MODBUS communication protocol and adopts the RTU mode in the subset of the MODBUS protocol and the RS485 half-duplex working mode.

B.2 Serial Data Format

Serial port settings: no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit.

Example: 9600, N, 8, 1

Meaning: 9600bps, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit.

The serial port baud rates supported by this transmitter are: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200.

All data in the communication process is handled as 2-byte integer values. When the data represents a floating-point number, the actual value must be calculated based on the decimal point position, which is stored separately.

For example, when reading the flow value at address 39 (decimal), the number of decimal places is defined by the value at address 32. If the value at address 39 is 1000 and the value at address 32 is 3, the actual result is 1.000. The unit of measurement is determined by the value at address 16.

For PLCs or certain host systems, the register address may need to be incremented by 1 during data access. Whether this adjustment is necessary should be determined according to the actual field setup.

B.3 Communication Format

(1) Read command format (03 function code) example

Address	Function code	Data start (H)	Data start (L)	Number of data (H)	Number of data (L)	CRC16 Check(L)	CRC16 Check(H)
0X01	0X03	0X00	0X00	0X00	0X01	0X84	0X0A

B. Return read data format: Example

Address	Function code	Data length	Data(H)	Data(L)	CRC16(L)	CRC16(H)
0X01	0X03	0X02	0X00	0X01	0X79	0X84

(2) Write command format (06 function code) example

Address	Function code	Data start (H)	Data start (L)	Data(H)	Data(L)	CRC16 (L)	CRC16 (H)
0X01	0X06	0X00	0X00	0X00	0X02	0X08	0X0B

B. Return read data format: Example

Address	Function code	Data start (H)	Data start (L)	Data(H)	Data(L)	CRC16 (L)	CRC16 (H)
0X01	0X06	0X00	0X00	0X00	0X02	0X08	0X0B

(3) Abnormal response returned

Address	Function code	Exception code	CRC16(L)	CRC16(H)
0X01	0X80+Function code	0x01 (illegal function) 0x02 (illegal data address) 0x03 (illegal data)		

B.4 Supported Commands and Meaning of Command and Data

Table 8 MODBUS-RTU protocol command list

Decimal address	Symbol	Parameter	Code	Data	Description	General Presets
0	DE	Address	R03/W06	16-bit integer	Device number, range 0~127	1
1	BT	Baud rate	R03/W06	16-bit integer	0: 1200bps; 1: 2400bps; 2: 4800bps; 3: 9600bps 4: 19200bps; 5: 38400bps 6: 57600bps; 7: 115200bps	3
2	LV	Filter coefficient	R03/W06	16-bit integer	Damping filter time constant, Range: 0~6	2

Decimal address	Symbol	Parameter	Code	Data	Description	General Presets
3	1OUL	Flow transmission lower limit	R03/W06	16-bit integer	4mA corresponds to the flow value, Range: 0~1, the default unit is L/min, which ultimately depends on the user's currently flow unit setting	0
4	1OUH	Flow rate transmission upper limit	R03/W06	16-bit integer	20mA corresponds to the flow value, Range: 0~9999, default unit is L/min, ultimately depends on the user's currently flow unit setting	200
5	1Zql	Temperature set	R03/W06	16-bit integer	Temperature offset, the instrument does not migrate to zero position in time when the sensor is at zero position, and the default contains one decimal point	0
6	1RAO	Flow coefficient	R03/W06	16-bit integer	Flow rate ratio coefficient, range: 0~9.99	1.00
7	lang	Language	R03/W06	16-bit integer	Language selection, 0: English; 1: Chinese	1
8	SP1	Channel 1 alarm value	R03/Write 06	16-bit integer	Alarm value of the first channel, range:	110

Decimal address	Symbol	Parameter	Code	Data	Description	General Presets
					-100~9999, the default unit is flow rate L/min, which ultimately depends on the user's current set physical quantity	
9	rP1	Channel 1 reset value	R03/W06	16-bit integer	The first reset value, range: -100~9999, the unit default flow rate L/min, ultimately depends on the user's current set physical quantity	100
10	OUT1	Channel 1 alarm	R03/W06	16-bit integer	The first alarm function 0: Disable alarm 1 : Hysteresis Normally Open 2: Hysteresis normally closed 3: Window always open 4: Window is always closed	1
11	SP2	Channel 2 alarm value	R03/W06	16-bit integer	The second alarm value, range: -100~9999, default temperature °C, one decimal point, ultimately depends on the user's current set	210

Decimal address	Symbol	Parameter	Code	Data	Description	General Presets
					physical quantity	
12	rP2	Channel 2 reset value	R 03/W 06	16-bit integer	The second reset value, range: -100~9999, default temperature °C, one decimal point, ultimately depends on the user's current set physical quantity	200
13	OUT2	Channel 2 alarm	R03/W 06	16-bit integer	Second alarm function 0: Disable alarm 1: Hysteresis Normally Open 2: Hysteresis normally closed 3: Window always open 4: Window is always closed	0
14	SP-1	Channel 1 alarm	R03/W0 6	16-bit integer	First alarm selection, 0: Flow alarm 1: Temperature alarm	0
15	SP-2	Channel 2 alarm	R03/W 06	16-bit integer	Second alarm selection, 0: Flow alarm 1: Temperature alarm	0
16	UNIT	Flow unit	R03/W 06	16-bit integer	Unit selection: 0: m/s; 1: %; 2: L/min; 3: m ³ /min; 4: L/s; 5: L/h; 6: m ³ /h	0

Decimal address	Symbol	Parameter	Code	Data	Description	General Presets
17	Pipe selection	Pipe diameter	OR 03	16-bit integer	0: DN4; 1: DN6; 2: DN8; 3: DN10; 4: DN12; 5: DN15; 6: DN20; 7: DN25; 8: DN32; 9: DN40	6
18	ANL1	Channel 1 power supply	OR03	16-bit integer	First current selection 0: flow, 1: temperature	0
19	ANL2	Channel 2 power supply	OR03	16-bit integer	Second current selection 0: flow, 1: temperature	1
20	TIM1	Display time	R03/W06	16-bit integer	The main interface displays time, range: 0~1000, unit: s	8
21	TIM2	Standby time	R03/W06	16-bit integer	Screen saver display time, range: 0~1000, unit: s	38
22	CTHZ	Cutoff frequency	R03/W06	16-bit integer	Cut off small signal frequency value, range: 0~99, unit: Hz	1
23	LIGT	Brightness adjustment	R03/W06	16-bit integer	Screen brightness adjustment (%), 1~100	10
24	PLUS	Pulse coefficient	OR03	16-bit integer	Set coefficients according to different pipe diameters	75
25	2RL	Temperature Transmission Lower limit	R03/W06	16-bit integer	4mA corresponds to temperature value, unit: °C, default is one decimal point	0

Decimal address	Symbol	Parameter	Code	Data	Description	General Presets
26	2RH	Temperature Transmission Upper limit	R03/W06	16-bit integer	4mA corresponds to temperature value, unit: °C, default is one decimal point	1000
32	dot	Flow decimal point	OR03	16-bit integer	Flow decimal places, 0~3	1
39	1#	1#Detection	OR03	16-bit integer	1# detection value (instantaneous flow), the default unit is L/min, which is finally determined by the user's setting unit.	0
40	2#	2#Detection	OR03	16-bit integer	2# detection value (instantaneous temperature), Unit: °C, default is one decimal point	0

B.5 Communication Example

For example: read the flow value and temperature value of two devices:

Read device 1 flow: 01 03 00 27 00 01 34 01

Read device 1 temperature: 01 03 00 28 00 01 04 02

Read device 2 flow: 02 03 00 27 00 01 34 32

Read device 2 temperature: 02 03 00 28 00 01 04 31